

Lesson 3

Review

Write the correct marker in the blanks below:

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|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. Ako _____ Lyn. | 6. Mabusag _____ Amerikano. |
| 2. _____ Wayne ngan _____ Elinor. | 7. Buotan _____ bata(pl). |
| 3. Maupay _____ klase. | 8. Babaye _____ Nety. |
| 4. Dagko _____ bola(pl). | 9. Mahusay _____ Liza ngan _____ Emily. |
| 5. Hiya _____ Bobong. | 10. Gutiay _____ lamesa. |

Translate the following:

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Maduroto an mga nanay. | |
| 2. Ako hi Arlie. | |
| 3. Makuri an maestro. | |
| 4.* Hagtaas an mga bata. | |
| 5. Hira Nonoy ngan hi Inday. | |
| 6. _____ | The glass is hot. |
| 7. _____ | Kristi is pretty. |
| 8. _____ | They are David and Rachel. |
| 9. _____ | The lesson is easy. |
| 10. _____ | Joe is strong. |

* We put "g" in the first syllable of hataas to show plurality.

I Class General Pronouns

There are also three classes of general pronouns. The general pronouns are sometimes called demonstrative pronouns. In English, these are the pronouns this, that, these, and those. In Waray these pronouns are based upon their relative location from the speaker.

I CLASS GENERAL PRONOUNS

Full Form	Meaning
Ini	this (very near the speaker)
Iton/ Ito	that (near the speaker)
Adto	that "over there" (far from the speaker)

A I Class General Pronoun functions as the TOPIC, or the emphasized word, of the sentence.

Examples

The following are equational sentences using the I Class General Pronouns.

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. Tubig ini. | This is water. (very near) |
| 2. Lamesa iton. | That is a table. (near) |
| 3. Kahoy adto. | That "over there" is a tree. (far) |
| 4. Papel ini | This is paper. |
| 5. Hira iton. | That's them "over there." |
| 6. Mga estudyante ito. | Those* are students. |
| 7. Tawo iton. | That is a person. |
| 8. Dagat iton. | That "over there" is the ocean. |
| 9. Karsada ito. | That is a road. |
| 10. Mga libro ini. | These* are books. |

- * In Waray there are not different general pronouns for singular and plural. The **mga** or plural pronouns show that it is plural. Thus, the English translation also changes to plural (these, those).

Showing Emphasis

In Emphasis the topic is I Class and the New Information also. Thus, it will start From the topic then to the New Information.

When the I Class General Pronoun precedes the I Class Marker, it adds emphasis as in the following:

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Ini an tubig. | This is the water. |
| 2. Iton an lamesa. | That is the table. |
| 3. Adto an mga sangkay. | Those "over there" are the friends. |
| 4. Ini an adlaw. | This is the day. |
| 5. Ito an problema. | That is the problem. |
| 6. Ini hi Pastor Vecino. | This is Pastor Vecino. |
| 6. Iton hi Emmanuel. | That is Emmanuel. |

nga linker

The general pronouns are also many times linked with another noun by using a **nga** “linker”.

ini nga babaye	this woman
iton nga lalake	that man
adto nga bata	that child “over there”

Oral Exercises

Use the I Class General Pronouns by identifying things around you, with relation to their location (very near, near, or far). Your coach or grammarian will help you with the Go words for things. Use all of the forms, or patterns, illustrated above,

For example, if you see a pencil, you will say the the following:

“Lapis ini.”	(as you hold it)
“Ini an lapis.”	
“Ini nga lapis...”	(not a complete sentence)
“Mahusay ini nga lapis.”	(Use a descriptive word, or adjective, to make a complete sentence.)

Following this pattern, do this oral exercise with at least 10 different objects.

Written Exercises

Use the vocabulary lists to translate the following.

1. Lamesa ini. _____
2. Iton an mga lapis. _____
3. Mahusay ini nga kwarto. _____
4. Simbahan ito. _____
5. Hi Julianito iton. _____
6. Mata ini. _____
7. Ini an mga lingkuran. _____
8. Maraut ini nga tawo. _____
9. Mga utan iton. _____

10. Puno adto nga dyip. _____
11. _____ This is a road.
12. _____ That child is cold.
13. _____ These are new chairs.
14. _____ That is long.
15. _____ These are wives.
16. _____ That glass "over there" is old.
17. _____ This is short.
18. _____ That is a book.
19. _____ That "over there" is many (a lot of) children.
20. _____ This lesson is difficult.
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Vocabulary

Ádlaw	day, sun	káhoy	tree, lumber
Bág-o	New	kwárto	room
Matúgnaw	cold(thing)	lápís	pencil
Dáan	Old	libro	book
Dágat	ocean, sea	matá	eye
Dámo	Many	Habubô	short
Karsada	road, way	probléma	problem
Maráut	Bad	simbahán	church
Dyíp	Jeepney	táwo	person, man
Útan	Cooked Vegetable	túbig	water